

Bowling ballet

Diane won't conform

Hints from Sky King's baby sitter

editor's note Keeping the right balance in life is hard. For example, we know that people like to attract our attention, but if we give them too much attention, then we're accused of being "nosey." We're told not to study too hard and have some fun once in a while, but when we go to the other extreme we're told we're lazy. When people are in trouble, they usually want help, but when they think we're helping them too much, then we're told to mind our own business. When we try to act like normal, growing young people, we're told we're not growing up fast enough, but when we act like some adults we're called delinquents. Even though we live in a land of free speech and progress through open forum, we cannot speak too much nor criticize too honestly without the fear of being called subversive or even "Red." Life is complex. What is good in life comes hard. Beware of simple black and white answers. There may be more lasting truth in the gray that is in between.



"Remind me never to wear blue jeans if I ever go out with you again!"

Youth

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Diane won't conform

By Carl J. Scherzer

Some of the other kids at school elected me to come and talk with you about Diane," Judy said to her pastor as she sat in a chair opposite his desk. "You can tell us what to do."

The pastor knew Judy quite well for she had been to see him before. As any normal teen-age youth, Judy generally took things very seriously, especially when she was interested in the welfare of another person.

"Now, first, Judy," her pastors said, "you must tell me who Diane is and what seems to be the problem."

"Oh . . . yes . . . Diane is a kid at school with us. You may know her, she's been to church with me a few times. She goes here and then there. Once



Díane won't conform

she says she's Methodist, then she says she's Presbyterian and when she's with me she says she's United Church of Christ. You think that's right? I think she should be one or the other and stick with it, don't you?"

"Before we get into that, can you tell me anything about Diane's home life?" the minister asked.

"From what she tells us," Judy continued rapidly, "and we don't know how much of it to believe, her parents were killed in an auto accident when she was a kid and her grandparents raised her. Then her grandpa died and her grandma married again. She says they don't care what she does."

"I see."

"We were down in the drugstore," Judy continued, "and some boys came over and talked with us. All at once Diane got up and said to one of them, 'I like you. Co on, let's do something.' With t she took him by the arm and him out of the store. Normal g just don't do that. . . . And will come over to our house with calling or anything. Just walks when we're eating and comes to table and helps herself. One ti last summer Dad got mad and don't blame him. We were broil steaks . . . and you just buy steak for each one. We were out the yard and when they were about done, here she was. Dad l already dished up mine and Hele (Helen's her sister) so Mom Dad had to cut theirs in h That's just the way she is. ' never know when she's going show up or what she'll do. We h to be afraid to take her along 'ca she makes us ashamed of her."

"Have you ever talked to about this?" the pastor asked.

"We all have. We talk to her talk to her, but it does no go It's got so bad that now no wants to have anything to do wher. And I don't think that's reither . . . do you?"

"Why do you say that you d

think that's right?"

"Well," Judy thought, "becayou shouldn't treat anyone like to I think there's some kind of a laup here (Judy pointed to her her that makes her act like that. I she even says that when she wa

rich older man loved her and gave er money. You know there's some ind of block up here and we don't now what to do about it to change

Of course you don't, Judy," the astor remarked kindly, "but maye you can help Diane if you really ant to."

"We really do, that's why I came you," she remarked.

"I thought you said that your iends elected you to come to me," e minister said.

"Well, when they wondered who talk to, I told them I'd come and e you. That's the way it was,"

dy explained.

"I certainly appreciate your condence in me," the pastor said, "but believe you kids can handle this bout as well as I could. You told e about Diane's life . . . will you Il me what you think Diane is enting more than anything else? emember before you said that e does not have parents and her andfather is practically a stranger her. If you were in her situation hat would you want a lot?"

"Parents," Judy answered.

"Why?" the minister asked.

"Well, . . . you see . . . because ey love you and take care of you."
"Now, if you can," the minister carefully, "what would you do you thought that no one cared nat you did or what happened to u?"

"I'd die," she said.

"No . . . you don't just die . . . what would you do?"

"Well... I guess I'd try to make somebody love me and care," she answered.

"I wonder if it has occurred to you and your friends that that may be one of the reasons why Diane acts like she does? If I recall correctly, you said that she's trying a number of churches . . . perhap it's because she's so anxious to feel secure that she's trying to embrace a number of churches. When she drops in at your home so unexpectedly, secretly she hopes you will all welcome her. In her fantasy she invented the older man who is the father she longs for. By walking off with the boy, she unconsciously was telling you that if you won't accept and love her, she will find someone else to do it. I may be wrong in my analysis of this situation. What do you think?"

"It sounds reasonable to me . . . maybe if we'd accept Diane as she is, quit trying so hard to change her, and love her more, that would help her," Judy said thoughtfully.

"You have some good ideas there," the pastor reassured her, "Why don't you tell the kids to do that and come back next Monday to let me know what happened."

"I'll see you next Monday," Judy said as she put on her coat. "Thanks a lot."



"Head of Christ" by Georges Rouault

WHO IS THIS JESUS?

By Barbara D. Mehl

1 ow do you picture Jesus, the Christ? Can you remember ur earliest thoughts of him, when were a child in church school? erhaps it was "Gentle Jesus, meek d mild," as the children's song es—a pale-faced man who loved tle children.

Later you learned of his death d resurrection. You learned of his urage and boldness. And the picre changed. Now you envisioned strong, deep-voiced Jesus who was arless in the face of pain and ath—a hero.

What is he beyond that? What is to you today? To think of Jesus the Messiah, or the Christ, or to nk of him as having the power of w life, available to all, is often foreign to us.

Perhaps we have emphasized the inhood of Jesus, forgetting that it s his special mission to reveal the power of God. New hope and new life came to all who saw this power in him. Through the power of God, the blind man saw, the sick man was made well, the sinner was redeemed.

Our lives seem powerless in so many ways. We often feel separated from God, or our friends, or parents. We are not able to be the person we would like to be! Does our current picture of Jesus show him as the Christ, who can change the weakest life to one with power and purpose?

The members of the early Christian Church had just the opposite trouble in understanding who Jesus was. They could not see how the power of God could be fully revealed in an ordinary man. The books of the Bible known as II and III John and Jude are short letters of the New Testament which illu-

WHO IS THIS JESUS?

mine early church life. A group of "deceivers" are mentioned in II John 7, "who will not acknowledge the coming of Jesus Christ in the flesh" and are bringing error into the church.

These "deceivers" were the Docetists, from a Greek word, meaning "seemists." They said Christ only seemed to be a man. A divine redeemer who came to earth could not

be allowed to suffer the humiliat of living in the flesh and dying o cross. Christ only seemed to do

What to do with these "dec ers"? The author of II John of tions Christians to refuse them try into their homes and even avoid talking with them! Their nial of Christ's humanity was dangerous idea. It took the estial element out of the gospel.

may we quote you

- Wisdom consists not so much in knowing what to do in the ultimate as in knowing what to do next.
 - —Herbert Hoover
 - ▶ If the world is cold, make it your business to build fi —Frank Kingdom, The American Salesi
- A lot of young men look forward—and probably are, too.

 —Caroline Clark
 - The best place to put your troubles is in your pocket the one with a hole in it. —York Trade Compose
- I am bound by the Scriptures. —Martin Luther
 - A sourpuss is made, not born. God gives us our fa we give ourselves expressions.
 —Workman Bull
- A good rule for going through life is to keep the heart a little softer than the head.
 —Changing Times
 - All who joy would win Must share it—happiness was born a twin —Byron
- To be successful yourself, you must make others successful, too.
 —William Feather Magazine
 - A golddigger is a gal who mines her own business.
 —Mike Cor
- According to one estimate, the brain is capable of storing more impressions, facts and total information than are in all the Library of Congress' nine million volumes.

-John Pfeiffer, The Human Brain

Diotrephes is a "deceiver" menoned by name in III John. He not aly refused to believe the whole ospel, but was lacking in a loving it as well. He "likes to put him-If first" (III John 9). If we do ot accept the love of God as we see embodied in the man, Jesus hrist, then we cannot respond in ving concern for all men about us. The writer of Jude emphasizes the ingodly" behavior of people who fuse to accept the full humanity of hrist. Religion, for these persons, as purely a matter of the spirit; e body was independent of the irit of a man. These "ungodly ersons who pervert the grace of our od into licentiousness" (Jude 4) ought their spirits only were saved God; their bodies were free for y indulgence!

It seems that the way we picture sus has much to do with how we t. If we forget he was a man, as me early Christians did, we don't e how God can change the lives ordinary people. We live as if od had nothing to do with us.

If we forget that this man called sus revealed to us the power of od, we do not find in him the new e, which can "make all things w" in our lives. Jesus as the surely speaks to young peotoday, if we let ourselves "get e picture" of him in its full diensions!



OUR COVER STORY

Bowling as we know it today was actually born in a religious rite of a third century Christian ceremony. It was the custom of European canons to have parishioners, in turn, place pins at one end of the cloister. This represented the "Heide" or heathen. The parishioner then was given a ball to throw at the "Heide." If a hit was scored, it indicated the thrower was leading a clean and pure life and was capable of slaying the heathen. If he missed, it meant that a more faithful attendance at services would help his aim. At the end of the "test," a dinner was given and successful "Kegelers" were toasted. Those who had failed were encouraged to try later.



Whether starting from a slightly slouched (left) or erect position (below), a good bowle keeps his body relaxed and his mind on a smooth delivery.

Bowling's COOL!!

A big boom in bowling boosts nation's No. I participant sport



To like to go out tonight and knock 'em all dead." And a million teens are doing just that on bowling lanes across the country. Bowling ot only provides a chance to blow off steam, but it's good exercise and s fun for girls as well as boys, beginners and pros, old and young. In ddition, bowling can be played any hour of the day or night, rain or hine. It is relatively inexpensive, and doesn't require the purchase of pensive equipment. "And it's great for a date!" Much credit for the rowth of junior bowling must be attributed to the strict rules which the American Junior Bowling Congress lays down to establishments where unior league play is carried on: No alcoholic beverage can be sold: in ball machines must not be in operation during AJBC league play; unior bowlers are requested to keep from smoking; juniors must receive educed rates for team play; and there are locally administered rules for ood conduct, attendance, and awards for outstanding play. For more nformation on AJBC, write: Milton Raymer, AJBC Headquarters, 1913 Vest 103rd St., Chicago 43, Ill. It is estimated that about 25 million layers-men, women, and children-are rolling balls down 90,000 lanes naking bowling our nation's top participant sport.

n easy, natural followthrough helps bowler concentrate on control rather than speed.









Here's HOW

R HYTHM, relaxation, and form —that's the key to striking and sparing," says Billy Welu, a national bowling champion.

Try these tips:

1. Stand relaxed with weight evenly balanced and shoulders squared.

2. Most bowlers use a four-step delivery starting anywhere from 10 to 12 feet from foul line. Start off with right foot, pushing ball forward, not down.

3. Next step with left foot, start ball down on backward swing. Bend forward, shoulders squared.

4. On next step (with right foot) ball reaches top of back swing, with ball at shoulder height.

5. Left foot then comes down flat and begins slide toward foul line.

6. Arm comes down close to body and the wrist is straight and unbroken.

7. At the end of slide, lay—don't throw—ball over foul line. Release ball just ahead of left foot, with thumb coming out first.

8. Continue follow-through by reaching out and up to eye level.

Roll a straight ball until you perfect your timing and delivery. Then you can learn the hook—a spining ball.



"Ten-Pin Alley Rock!" or "They went that-a-way, pardner!"



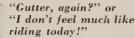
ROUNDUP

A view of the follow-through from the scorekeeper's se

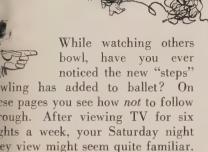


"He's bowl-legged!" or "No ten-pin can buffalo me!"





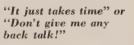






"You couldn't hear a pin drop" or "Here, dogee, here, dogee!"







- Communist Timetable for 1960 . . . What Odo
 - Divided Europe . . . Cooperation or Cris
- Red China on the March . . . What U.S. Action
 - What Chances for India's Middle Wa
 - Middle East . . . What Hope for Stabilit
 - What Goals for Africa's New Leader
 - Cuba's Revolution . . . Reform or Fiasc
- U.S. Global Strategy . . . What Outlook for the Futur

GREAT DECISIONS . .



A 16-year-old Florida girl upset 12 Russian state governors who were touring the United States last month. Rebecca Manoil, a student at Miami Beach High School, touched off a slight furor by asking "Why do such a small percentage of your school children go to college?"

"That question is due to misinformation," came the quick reply from the leader of the 12 touring Communists, Dimitri Polyanski, a member of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet. "The real trouble is that you people in the United States are not adequately informed about the real state of affairs in our country. If you will come to our country you will certainly change your opinion."

As he continued his remarks to the 400 students of the high school, Mr. Polvanski boasted that the Soviet Union was graduating 75,000 engineers annually as compared to the 35,000 engineering graduates in the United States. He also said that the Soviet had built 48 new colleges and universities in the last five years.

How would you have reacted if you had been in Rebecca's place? Would you have been satisfied with Mr. Polyanski's answer? We're confident that Miss Manoil was not satisfied. Would you have felt informed enough to have asked questions?

As you've glanced at the headlines, have you ever asked yourself, "What is our nation really trying to do? What kind of a world do I want to live in? How really important are political and religious freedom? Must the world be made over in our image to protect our freedoms? Is there room for both us and communism? What in the world is really worth living for?"

High school students in Holyoke, Mass., tackle world issues in a classroom study and discussion group.

. 1960



GREAT DECISIONS . . . 1960

But beyond the answers to these questions are still more question "What's standing in the way of our achieving our goals? Are the obstacles impossible to overcome? How can we do it? And do we can enough to do something about it?"

Just as you are puzzled by your own personal problems, so are oth teenagers around the world. But none of us can solve our own persor problems by running away from them. We tackle them and then mathe best of whatever happens. And our own personal problems are becoing more and more influenced by the problems of the world about after all, the world itself is really in an adolescent stage, struggling face its problems in order to achieve a well-balanced maturity.

Your opinions count. Even visiting dictators listen to what you hat to say. But more than this, your opinion counts among your own fellows.

citizens, especially in this strategic election year.

Just like with your own personal problems, you can't tackle the work problems without knowing a few facts and without intelligent thoug So talk it out at home, at school, at "Y" club, or at church.

As a starter you might consider the eight big questions which to Foreign Policy Association has drawn up for discussion this year in program known as "Great Decisions . . . 1960." And if you wish cope of the eight F.P.A. Facts Sheets as guidance, drop a note to Your magazine. Or your group might draw up its own list of big issues the face the world today. Then share your ideas and answer with other Your voice counts.

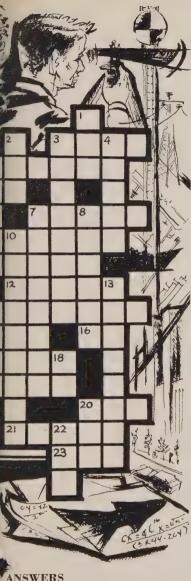
UN Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., says . .

We are living in a world of rapid and even revolutionary change. The United States carries a heavy responsibility for influencing the forces of change in the direction of freedom and peace. Our own future as a nation depends on the outcome.

To meet this challenge we must make many important decisions. Many of these cannot be made by the President or the Executive Branch alone. They require not only action by Congress but by citizens generally. That means that all citizens, and not just the government, need the knowledge on which wise decisions must be based.

All those throughout the nation who take part in this program are doing themselves and the country an im-

portant service.



Engineering Puzzle by Carol and John Conner

Across

- 3. Lighter woodwork in the finish of of a building
- 5. Too poorly mineralized to produce ore
- 6. Burning
- 7. A console
- 9. Surveying instrument
- 11. To draw
- 12. Salesman
- 14. Ductless gland
- 15. Due to him
- 16. New Latin (abbr.)
- 17. Language of ancient Rome
- 19. To examine for the presence of some substance
- 20. Salary
- 21. To handle a subject in writing
- 23. Well organized insect

Down

- 1. Material containing valuable metal
- 2. Richly rewarding
- 3. To convey right or title to another
- 4. Mass of metal cast into shape convenient to transport
- 5. A council convened for business
- 7. Separation of chemical compound into its constituents
- 8. Yellow
- 10. One who designs buildings
- 13. One thousand watts
- 14. Who
- 18. New Testament (abbr.)
- 20. To yield precious metal
- 22. To corrode metal

Across 3. Trim; 5. Barren; 6. Hot; 7. Ancon; 9. Transit; II. Draft; I2. Clerk; I4. Thyroid; I5. Hot. N.L.; I7. Latin; I9. Test; 20. Pay; 21. Treat; 23. Ant. Down: I. Ore; 2. Fat; 3. Transfer; 4. Ingot; 5. Board; 7. Analysis; 8. Citron; I0. Architect; I3. Ki watt; I4. That; 18. N.T.; 20. Pan; 22. Eat.

Get out and fight



What life has taught me

by Jackie Robins

A T the beginning of the World Series of 1947, I experienced a completely new emotion, when the National Anthem was played. This time, I thought, it is being played for me, as much as for anyone else. This is organized major league baseball, and I am standing here with all the others; and everything that takes place includes me.

About a year later, I went to Atlanta, Ga., to play in an exhibition

game. On the field, for the fi time in Atlanta, there were Negro and whites. Other Negroes, besid me. And I thought: What I has always believed has come to be.

And what is it that I have alway believed? First, that imperfection are human. But that wherever I man beings were given room breathe and time to think, those perfections would disappear, no meter how slowly. I do not believe

hat we have found or even approached perfection. That is not necessarily in the scheme of human cents. Handicaps, stumbling blocks, rejudices—all of these are imperent. Yet, they have to be reckoned with because they are in the scheme of human events.

Whatever obstacles I found made ne fight all the harder. But it would nave been impossible for me to fight at all, except that I was sustained by the personal and deep-rooted beief that my fight had a chance. It and a chance because it took place n a free society. Not once was I orced to face and fight an immovable object. Not once was the sitution so cast-iron rigid that I had no chance at all. Free minds and hunan hearts were at work all around ne; and so there was the probabilty of improvement. I look at my children now, and know that I must till prepare them to meet obstacles and prejudices.

But I can tell them, too, that they will never face some of these prejudices because other people have gone before them. And to myself I can say that, because progress is underable, many of today's dogmas will have vanished by the time they grow into adults. I can say to my didren: There is a chance for you. I guarantee, but a chance. And his chance has come to be because here is nothing static with free peo-

ple. There is no Middle Ages logic so strong that it can stop the human tide from flowing forward. I do not believe that every person, in every walk of life, can succeed in spite of any handicap. That would be perfection. But I do believe—and with every fiber in me—that what I was able to attain came to be because we put behind us (no matter how slowly) the dogmas of the past to discover the truth of today; and perhaps find the greatness of tomorrow.

I believe in the human race.

I believe in the warm heart.

I believe in man's integrity

I believe in the goodness of a free society.

And I believe that the society can remain good only as long as we are willing to fight for it—and to fight against whatever imperfections may exist.

My fight was against the barriers that kept Negroes out of baseball. This was the area where I found imperfection, and where I was best able to fight. And I fought because I knew it was not doomed to be a losing fight.

It couldn't be a losing fight—not when it took place in a free society.

And, in the largest sense, I believe that what I did was done for me—that it was my faith in God that sustained me in my fight. And that what was done for me must and will be done for others.



"Night-Night," say Daddy and Mommy, as TV's "Sky King" and his wife, Carolyn, leave Kristin and Kendra in baby-sitter Gloria Winter's care.

Baby-sitting is fun

BABY-SITTING is a wonderful way for a teenager to earn spending money," says Gloria Winters, CBS-TV star. "And it's also an excellent junior mother experience."

On stage, Gloria is Penny in Nabisco's "Sky King" series. Offstage, she often baby-sits with the two charming daughters of Kirby Grant, who on television portrays Sky King. It's an unusual double role. Gloria has learned a lot from sitting with Kendra Lee, 6, and Kristin, She's done it since they were bab in-arms.

"Baby-sitting is fun. But do forget it is a big responsibil too!"

"A child is a priceless treasur Gloria says. "It's a tribute to that the parents will entrust hir you. Always remember that you on the job, and your job to care the children comes first." Last-minute chore before bedtime is the business of teeth-cleaning. Gloria babysits often for the Kirby Grants. The children call her "Aunt Penny."

To baby-sitters, Gloria makes the following suggestions:

If the youngster is under two, he is likely to be asleep when you arrive. Your job will be to look in occasionally and to listen for sounds.

Find out where the bottle and diapers are, and ask the mother about feeding. When the child wakes up, does he usually want milk or water? Should the milk be warmed?



Children often wake up at night and cry. No need to be alarmed. But unless the child drops right back to sleep, it's *your* signal something is needed.

It may be a little cuddling that's



Since most parents are careful about the type of TV their children see, Gloria checks beforehand with Mrs. Grant.



... it's a big responsibility, too!

called for, or a diaper change, or a feeding. Maybe all three. Know exactly where everything is, in order to avoid confusion and delay. The child knows when you are calm and relaxed. And your gentle assurance helps to put him back to sleep. Try singing a quiet song—no rock 'n' roll!

With older children your duties will be more varied, especially if the sitting involves part of the day as well as the evening.

Be sure you're well rested and full of energy. The kids will want to play—vigorously! You should participate, and should have plenty of ideas about things to do.

Have a little talk with the moth about the children's usual play ro tine and where the toys and gam are. This will smooth the way f both you and the children.

Do some things with the childre and let them do some other thin themselves. For example, you complay hide and seek with them, the fade into the background and them play with paints or bloowhile you simply provide encounagement.

Keep your good sense about you and watch for signs of fatigue boredom. Change activities what this begins to happen.

Be well prepared for suppertin

Gloria knows that bedtime orayers are important to Phildren like Kristin and Kendra . . . and the lolls, too.

Know what you are going to serve and get it on the table quickly so you can devote most of your time to he children.

Sometimes it's hard to get youngsters to "unwind" after an exciting lay. Slow down the pace after supper. An hour of TV may be just right. And be sure the regular bedime is observed—as closely as possible, anyway!

After the kids are in pajamas, reading or story-telling is one of the best ways to prepare them for the final goodnight. Children especially ove to have new stories told to hem. Why not go through some books and stock your memory with a few good stories before you go paby-sitting?

When youngsters are asleep, don't entertain friends downstairs. Babyitting is a *job*, not an excuse for ocial activity. Do homework, listen to the radio, or watch TV. Keep the adio or TV tuned down *low*, however, so you don't miss any sounds from the children.

It's been a hard, long night.
Kirby and Carolyn Grant
find that their baby
sitter has dozed off.

If the children are very young, look in about once an hour to be sure everything is all right.

Before the parents leave, write down the phone number where they can be reached. Also take down the phone number of the family doctor and that of a nearby neighbor. It's unlikely that any emergency will arise, but you can be ready for one that does.

The more experienced you become, the more you will find yourself doing the right thing by second nature. Gloria Winters looks forward to her baby-sitting assignments—and you will, too.





Am I "off the trolley" and still do not know it:

JOHN E. CRAWFORD WRITES ABO

QUESTION: Around our town lately, the terms "mental illness" or "neurotic" are being applied to anyone who drinks too much, gets along poorly with other people, and so on. I am 16 and a sophomore in high school. Sometimes I wonder if I might be a "little off the trolley," as our crowd says, and still not know it. Please tell me how I might check up to find out if I am in good mental health. . . ."

Answer: A broad definition of good mental health probably should cover at least three aspect of living: How comfortable you feel about yourself, how comfortably you get along with others, and how readily you can meet the usual demands of living.

No one is tops in all these things every hour of every day. And at 16 it's natural for life's problems to seem almost insurmountable at times. But if you can honestly answer "Yes" to most of the following questions, you probably are in ex-

cellent mental health. Your two three No answers may be just yo own mood at the time.

How Comfortable Do You Fe About Yourself?

Do you think you are a fair good person?

Do the everyday pleasures of ligive you satisfaction?

Do you feel that you can mana fairly well most of the problems the come your way?

Can you take occasional disapointments in stride?

Can you manage your emotions fear, anger, worry, love—well, most the time?

Can you accept your own sho comings without downgrading you self too far?

Can you smile at yourself—a forgive yourself when necessary?

How Well Do You Get Alo With Others?

Generally, do you respect the differences?

Do you expect most people to

IS BUSINESS OF LIVING

rustworthy, and take for granted hat they will trust you, too?

Do you rarely feel pushed around; eldom push others around?

Do you feel quite accepted by our crowd most of the time?

Do you feel that your personal reationships are mostly happy and asting ones?

Iow Do You Meet the Demands f Living?

Do you try to face your real probems as practically as you can, as nev arise?

Do you try to plan ahead wisely n important matters, yet without

ear of the future?

Generally do you try to come to ood conclusions of your own, of ourse based on the known facts?

Are you open to new ideas on imortant matters?

Are you realistic about your amons?

Do you try to do your best on jobs nat should be done well?

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"I enjoyed your sermon on young people, Rev. Hartman . . . I almost got the impression that you were human once yourself!"

youth in the news . . .

Delaware Protestant Teens Hit Theater Segregation

In Dover, Del., Protestant young people have condemned segregation in public places as defying "all Christian principles." They specifically "deplored" segregation as practiced in most downstate Delaware movie theaters where Negroes are seated in only one section of the balcony. The youth expressed their opposition to racial discrimination in a resolution adopted unanimously at a meeting of the Dover Protestant Interracial Youth Council. Immediately after that meeting, the Dover Ministers Association went on record as "whole-heartedly" supporting the youth council in its stand and declared, "We lament the slowness with which such a program is being adopted . . . especially in our Christian churches."

USAF Manual Links Churches and Communism

Congress was urged to expose the "enemies within our gates" who wrote an Air Force instruction manual charging that the National Council of Churches is infiltrated by Communists. In a telegram sent to Representative John Moss (D.-Calif.), chairman of the House Government Information subcommittee, the General Council of the Evangel-

ical and Reformed Church (Unit Church of Christ) charged that "reparable damage has been done? Protestantism for, in a familiar p tern, this manual, although officia disclaimed, will long be quoted extremists to justify their spurio charges."

In the meantime, the president the National Council of Church Dr. Edwin T. Dahlberg, said th concern over the controversial ma ual should not center on the A Force but on a group of ultra-fund mentalist leaders who have be fighting the ecumenical moveme for years. "These apostles of d cord work their way not only in churches, but into schools and oth institutions as well. They are e perts in controversy and exploit for publicity whenever they can discredit movements for better ra relations, international peace, d armament, or any good cause."

Soviet Starts Atheistic "Sunday Schools"

Special "Sunday schools of attistic knowledge" are being open in various parts of the U.S.S.R., Moscow Radio announced recent It said courses on religion and attism would be conducted by lead scientists from the Society for Dissemination of Political and Sentific Knowledge.



Teens check applications at a state-licensed Youth Employment Agency with the ministers of two Philadelphia churches cooperating in a project to find afterschool jobs for teens and older youth.

Vest German Youth Conduct Enlightenment Campaign''

Protestant and Roman Catholic buth organizations in West Gerany have announced an "enlightment campaign" regarding atroces committed by the Nazis before did during World War II. Many rotestant and Catholic groups on call and regional levels have scheded special workshops and seminars a dults and young people to point at the disastrous effects of Nazi le in Germany, and to emphasize eneed for the banning of all times of racial discrimination.

The recent outburst of anti-semim—including Nazi slogan and rastika daubings—has made it obous, said youth leaders, that some erman young people have been left the dark about the crimes against e Jews during the Hitler regime. more than ever, they said, it that we leave no doubt in eminds of the younger generation out these inhumanities.

Churches Back Youth Fitness Week in May

Religious leaders of all faiths have pledged cooperation in promoting the observance of National Youth Fitness Week, which has been proclaimed for the first week in May by President Eisenhower. They called for a program of moral, spiritual, and physical fitness among American youth - a program that would emphasize the benefits of "hard work, exaltation of the intellect, and religious inspiration." They defined health as "a state of complete mental, physical, and social well-being, not just the absence of disease."

Special Cancellation Aids Post Office Fight on Smut

U.S. postal officials are putting slogan cancellations into use in major cities to enlist the aid of citizens, especially teens, in reporting obscene mail to their local postmasters.

your slant:

I disagree with Pearl Buck

Dear Editor:

The article by Pearl Buck, "I Believe in the Human Race," appear in the January 31 issue, left me with surprised and disappointed feeling I realize that we do not all think alike and this famous writer has advantage over me in the wisdom of her years. However, I cannot with her, "I feel no need for any other faith than my faith in humbeings" and "My faith in humanity stands firm." Rather it has been experience to find strength in a power greater than human, and a beginning of real acquaintance with God that is more reliable, more secure, me lasting than I can have with any human being. This is true because 6 is greater than human. However, God works through people, and greatest good is accomplished when people are dependent on God, yield their will and purpose to His leading.

I assume you printed the Buck article without editorial comment becauf the literary stature of the author. I hope you get comments from y

younger readers.

—Mrs. Carolyn Fausch Polk City, Iowa

Concerning the swastika fad

Dear Editor:

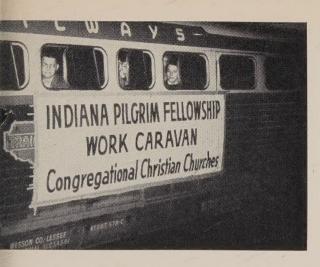
Your three-page presentation on the problem of anti-Semitic desecration your January 31 issue was excellent. It surely highlighted the significance of this problem for your readers.

—Arthur Gilbert, New York City

CREDITS FOR THIS ISSUE:

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ARTISTS: 2, Ragan; 12-14, Charles Newton; 27, Charles Schultz (Copyright 1960. Gospel Trumpet AUTHORS: Dr. Carl J. Scherzer, chaplain, Protestant Deaconess Hospital, Evansville, Ind.; Mrs. P. D. Mehl, a graduate of Union Theological Seminary (B.D. '53), has worked in Christian edwith teen and college youth, and is wife of Rev. Paul F. Mehl, Assistant Professor and Head Department of Religion and Philosophy, Hood College, Frederick, Md.; Dr. John E. Crawford, classical interest in youth and their problems; and prayer (32) adapted by Dr. Les Weatherhead (in A Private House of Prayer) from William Temple, The Hope of a New World used by permission of Abingdon Press.



lere's a Hoosier holiday hint . . .

WE want to talk about Delmo, tell our friends and families about it, but most of all we want to go back and help them ourselves." That's an Simmons, Indiana Pilgrim Fellowship action chairman, talking. Joan, other young people, and three adults from 13 Congregational Christian urches in Indiana spent a memorable holiday weekend in Delmo (Mo.) t so long ago. They're anxious to return. Delmo, a cooperative migrant mmunity comprised of ten villages, is located in the Missouri foothills here cotton is the exclusive crop. All its inhabitants are cotton-pickers. nce the cotton-growing season lasts only a few months, those villagers o remain (many leave for jobs elsewhere) must stretch their meager rnings to cover an entire year. This means that the town is largely dendent upon outside aid. Delmo receives support from the Quakers, Epispalians, and the Congregational Christian Churches in the form of money, thing, and the services of persons such as the Pilgrim Fellowship. When PFers arrived Thanksgiving evening, they lost no time in getting to ork. One of their projects was unpacking and arranging toys for a ristmas sale. The villagers have set up Thrift Shops where they sell a modest price items that are sent them. Money earned goes toward syements in the villages. Probably the experience that stands out st for the PFers is the evening they shared in a program with the people North Lilbourne, a Negro village (as are three others). Said Joan, "It s wonderful how so quickly a bond of friendship was established."

a prayer for dedication

O God, we would adore thee.

Help us sincerely to worship thee so that our consciences may be quickened by the thought of thy holiness, our minds fed by thy truth, our imagination quickened by thy beauty, our hearts opened by thy love, our wills strengthened by the thought of thy purposes, our whole being dedicated to thy glory, who dost reign with the Son and the Holy Spirit, one God, world without end. AMEN.